

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, JULY 3. Last 24 hours' rainfall,
.03. Temperature, Max. 80; Min. 69. Weather, Rainy.



ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856

SUGAR.—96 Test Centrifugals, 4.25c; Per Ton, \$85.00.
88 Analysis Beets, 11c; Per Ton, \$87.40.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1905.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MAGNIFICENT NEW IMMIGRATION STATION DEDICATED YESTERDAY



THE NEW UNITED STATES IMMIGRATION STATION IN HONOLULU WHICH WAS OPENED YESTERDAY

—Advertiser Photo.

Commissioner Sargent and Local Officers Entertain.

America's newest immigration station was dedicated in Honolulu yesterday afternoon with a reception and band concert. The many people who visited the imposing structure at Kakaako, near the Iron Works, felt well repaid for their trouble as the building holds many interesting things and typifies all the latest ideas in immigration station architecture. Few people realize how large and fine an establishment the local officials have or how extensive the work done by the department is but a trip through the new station building will open the eyes of many to the work of this important branch of the government service.

The reception given by the Commissioner General and the local officials yesterday afternoon began at 4 o'clock. Captain Berger and the Oahu band were stationed on the mauka lanai and later on the makai lanai and rendered a program of inspiring music. The lanais were decorated with potted palms and ferns while an arch of palm branches rose over the main entrance. This was also entwined with red, white and blue bunting and silk flags of all nations. A large portrait of President Roosevelt and the inscription "Aloha" appeared over the portal. Within, the halls were gay with flags of many nations and potted palms and ferns were much in evidence. In the dining room lemonade was served, the rules of the department forbidding anything stronger.

The entire force of the office was on hand in full uniform and visitors were shown over the building and every detail explained in the most courteous manner. Commissioner General Sargent was present and among the many guests who called during the day were Acting Governor Atkinson, the Chinese Consul, the Japanese Consul and Mme. Saito, Congressman Hepburn, the Collector of the Port and Mrs. Stackable, Collector of Internal Revenue Chamberlain, Passed Assistant Surgeon Cofer, U. S. M. H. S., and a number of the county officials, headed by Chairman Smith of the Board of Supervisors.

A FINE BUILDING.

The Honolulu Immigration Station is situated upon the mud flats at Kakaako, off the Honolulu Iron Works and just across the street from the Channel wharf. It rests on a pile foundation and is connected with the shore by two-foot bridges, one with high picket rails, over which the immigrants are taken and the other, leading to the main entrance, for the use of the

officials and visitors. The cost of the building was approximately \$30,000. The architect was O. G. Traphagen of this city and the contract for the construction of the building was let to W. L. Emory on September 2, 1904.

In general form the building is square with an annex on the eastern side. A broad lanai extends along the mauka side and also along the front. Just inside the main entrance is a long hall going through the building to the dining room in the annex. To the left of the entrance is the "matrimonial room" where Japanese girls who have been married by proxy in Japan to men residing here meet their husbands and are married. Just beyond, in the Ewa-mauka corner, is the Chief Inspector's office, a spacious room with cabinets for stationery, lockers for uniforms and shelves for books. Off this is a bathroom and toilet for the inspectors. In the rear of the room is the large general office for the inspectors. Behind this is the Chinese division. Outside the desk rail is a large space with benches for the immigrants who are being examined, a contrast to the method used at the old brick structure on Allen street where the Chinese had to sit around on the sidewalk or wherever they could find room. Here there is plenty of room, and comfortable benches. In the Chinese examination room is a full set of apparatus for the measurement of the aliens by the Bertillon system, which affords a sure means of identification. In one corner is the office of the Chinese Inspector where the testimony of the immigrants is taken.

PROCESS OF EXAMINING.

To the right of the main entrance is a large room where the immigrants are taken first on arriving at the station from the Channel Wharf where all alien immigrants are landed. Here they receive the medical examination and if they pass successfully they pass in companies of thirty into the registry division, which occupies a large room just in the rear of the room first mentioned. If the candidate fails to pass the medical examination he is taken across the lanai to the medical division. Here are two waiting rooms, the doctor's office and his private laboratory.

In the registry division are long, big railings, dividing the room into narrow sections lengthwise. There are benches on each side of each compartment, and at the further ends desks. The companies of thirty aliens enter these compartments, and one at a time, pass the officer at the desk, are identified, examined and registered. If the examination is satisfactory they are then free to pass across the broad hall to the baggage room on the mauka side and to sit on the lanai until they are ready to leave the building. If the examination is not satisfactory the immigrant is ushered into the next room, to the rear, the detention room, which is furnished with benches. Here the immi-

(Continued on page 2.)

STATESMEN IN A LIVELY TILT OVER BANQUET BOARD

Hon. Frank P. Sargent, United States Commissioner of Immigration of Washington, D. C., was the guest of honor at a banquet given at the Alexander Young Hotel last night by representative men of Honolulu, representing the Planters' Association, Chamber of Commerce, Merchants' Association and Builders' and Traders' Exchange. The banquet was served in the dining hall, the single central table being crossed at the ends by shorter ones. American and Hawaiian flags were canopied overhead. Mr. E. D. Tenney, President of the Chamber of Commerce, was the toastmaster, Mr. Sargent occupying the place of honor at his right, and Acting Governor A. L. C. Atkinson on his left. The other guests were Messrs. J. P. Cooper, Dr. L. E. Cofer, W. O. Smith, W. L. Lott of Washington, R. W. Breebons, E. R. Stackable, J. A. Gilman, E. R. Hendry, J. A. Kennedy, M. M. O'Shaughnessy, F. M. Beechell, Alexander Young, J. M. Dowsett, Herman Foeke, Richard Ivers, W. Lanz, C. L. Wight, Alex. Garvie, J. J. Carden, G. M. Rolph, R. D. Mead, Max Lorenz, J. T. Crawley, P. A. Donahue, L. A. Thurston, Col. W. P. Hepburn of Iowa, George F. Davies, J. F. C. Hagens, W. Pfotenbauer, George W. Smith, William Haywood, L. E. Pinkham, J. H. Craig E. E. Paxton.

(Continued on Page 7.)



IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONER FRANK P. SARGENT.

DESTROYER LEAVES ODESSA TO SINK REBEL BATTLESHIP

Many Captured Mutineers are Thrown
Into a Russian Dungeon--Dis-
affection Among Soldiery.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ODESSA, July 4.—Sixty-seven prisoners from the battleships Georgi Pobiedonosets have been imprisoned in the citadel here. The destroyer Svetilvy, with a volunteer crew, has sailed with the intention of sinking the battleship Potemkin. Twenty thousand men are at work cleaning up the city after the fire and riots.

BUCHAREST, July 4.—The battleship Kniaz Potemkin Tvaritchesky has left Kustenji.

STRIKES THROUGHOUT EMPIRE.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 4.—Strikes and disorders continue throughout the empire.

RESERVISTS KILL COMMANDER.

KHERSON, July 4.—A regiment of reservists here mutinied and killed their colonel yesterday.

FIGHTING IN POLAND.

KALTZ, Poland, July 4.—In a collision between the troops and the populace five have been killed.

RESERVISTS ON A RAMPAGE.

KIEFF, July 4.—The reservists stationed here have attacked the police and plundered the liquor shops.

SENATOR MITCHELL GUILTY OF ACCEPTING A BRIBE

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 4.—A jury has found former United States Senator John H. Mitchell guilty of accepting a bribe, but has recommended him to the mercy of the court.

Former Senator Mitchell was indicted on December 31, 1904, together with Representative Binger Hermann, former Land Commissioner. Mitchell's indictment charged that he accepted \$2,000 in return for influence used in expediting land patents.

FLOOD VICTIMS IN MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 4.—A bridge near this city collapsed under a train, seven were killed and thirty-four injured. The flood damage amounts to a million dollars.

WEALTHY BANKER ROBBED.

NEW YORK, July 4.—James J. Higgins, a wealthy banker, was robbed last night of diamonds and jewelry to the value of \$25,000.

SEPARATION BILL PASSES.

PARIS, July 4.—The bill for the separation of church and state has passed the Chamber of Deputies.

KANSAS BANK GOES UNDER.

TOPEKA, July 4.—The First National Bank of Topeka has failed.

FATAL FIRE IN ROME.

ROME, July 4.—In a hotel fire here last night several perished.

TREASURER TRENT RECEIVES \$2800 FOR OAHU COUNTY

The spectacle of County Treasurer Trent walking along King street in the direction of his office, closely followed by Auditor Bicknell, gave the bystanders an opportunity to see two county officials working. But when they saw the bag that Trent carried in his hand they became interested, for Oahu County yesterday received its first cash from the Territory.

In the sack were \$2,800 in gold coin of the realm. "This is the first county money, boys," said the Treasurer, swinging the bag before the eyes of the crowd.